French Island sinking in Old Anark The Nation 9.8.00 By Raza Kharal

LAHORE-The French monuments in Kuri Bagh are on the verge of disappearing at the hands of the ravages of time, encroachments and apathy of the authorities concerned. Once called the French Island, this area surrounded by the British and local architecture now has been left with three to four buildings reflecting the French architecture. Only one building constructed by the French themselves in the early part of the 19th century exists.

The area, in the Old Anarkali, beginning from Nabha Road and extending to the shrine of Mauj Darya, was in fact a part of Anarkali Garden. The French were the first to construct residences here which reflected the architecture of their buildings back home in France. Very little of such residences has survived in the last two centuries but what little is left is a testimony to the beautiful French Architecture.

Qasre Fatima (its earlier name could not be confirmed), Maharaja Quarters, The tomb of Marie Charlotte and General Allard are on the verge of disappearing. There is need to conserve the French monuments in the city. What remains of the French Island will not survive the 21st century if concrete steps for the conservation of the monuments are not taken immediately.

According to a survey conducted by The Nation and Institute of Heritage Eduction, the history of the buildings dates back to times of Maharaja Ranjeet Singh, when Lahore became the capital of a powerful kingdom in the early 19th century. The challenge to the Sikh throne due to the increasing influence of British led the Maharaja to adopt defensive measures.

He invited European military experts from the adversaries of Great Britain. The influence of these Generals and their families can be

traced back even after a period of

almost two centuries in the physical and cultural heritage of Lahore reflected through the monuments of French Island.

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Sikh Army on European lines. He was given the control of Sikh infantry and served as an instructor, w commander and adviser during military campaigns of Maharaja Ranjeet Singh. He remained in service for more than twenty years. Maharaja paid him handsome amounts. Ventura lived at a converted residential building originally known as Tomb of Anarkali but soon he purchased a large piece of land and built his own garden and house according to his choice.

It was situated in the present Old Anarkali area in the vicinity of the shrine of Mauj Darva Bukhari, Income Tax offices, Munshi Chambers and Gardee Trust Building .Soon after construction of Ventura's French style house (the house does not exist now), his French colleague General Allard also built a bungalow in the garden Marie Charlotte, the daughter of General Allard died in 1827. She was buried in the corner of this garden.which came to be known as 'daughter garden' and in other words Kuri Bagh. General Allard was also buried here in 1839. The tomb structure exists today but is surrounded by other buildings and illegal encroachments.

There was an epitaph on the Tomb of Allard and Marie Charlotte "When I die let my grave be in Lahore and my remains be in the Anarkali. Actual area of the tomb was about 48 kanals, 16 marlas and 136 hath (hands). The area has been compressed and only the structure of the tomb is visible now. The tomb was adopted by the Department of Archaeology Pakistan.

It comes under the Administration of Shalimar Gardens.